

Published,
BERT GRAY's Book
is Office,
FIVE CENTS.)
TRACT
AN

O G Y,
the Jurisdiction
THE
KENTUCKY.

of the GOSPEL,
MARKS ON THE
N OF FAITH.
John Dunaway, Richard
St. ne, John Thompson.

SALE.
fers for Sale,
the vicinity of
OWI,
ween 6 and 700 acres
of which is supposed to
res of excellent meadow
ry trifling expence, he
intersected by another
a considerable fall of
ch may be readily esti-
of this farm to George
Alexandria, being no
istant from either. The
irth of the purchase mo-
e in three equal instal-
ments; the second, in four
years, payable with in-
curred by bond or more.

term of years, or on
at forever;

Lots, most eligi-
this town, VIZ.

on streets, near the Mar-
ous to the site of the
or the accommodation of
On Water-street, be-
on streets, and on Prin-
ner of Pitt-street. Ap-
Esquire, in this town;
at Patuxent iron works,

Carlyle Herbert,
to & th. 6w

R E A M.

W EAKIN,
forms the public,
making ICE CREAM

dt.

Jamaica RUM,
LAST CROP,
e on reasonable terms.
& Thos. Vowell.

SALT.

on board the Ann,
awson's wharf, will be
applied for soon.
Hewes & Miller.

OV A I.

RUSSEL,
to Royal street, in part of
AVERN HOUSE, one door
where he has just opened

st-India Goods,
ts, Irish Linens, &c. &c.
the piece, low, for cash,
for four years, the BRICK
ft, on Fairfax street.

J. R.

HORSE.

he subscriber living
26th April, a dark SOR-
nine or ten years old,
high, his two hind feet
than the other, his breast
ome saddle marks, and all
and canteers, but seldom
on the Sunday afternoon
run below Hartshorne's
er's old fields. He was
street, and sold here; he
endeavour to return.

By JOHN WEST,
Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium
eclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's
reflections; proving modern episcopacy to be impo-
nous, and human legislation in the Church to be
usurpation, &c. &c.

William Harper.
d 3-0032

DAILY BY
W D E N.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.]

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1805.

[No. 1289.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

In hds. and bals. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bals.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bals.
Sugar in hds. tierces and bals.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and straws,
Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c. ALSO,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,

among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffins, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calmances, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicos,
Irish Linens, Silesias,
Osburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats and sundry other
articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20.

SUGARS.

40 hogsheads of first quality Trini-
dad Sugars, just received, and now landing at
Ramsey's wharf—and for sale, by

R. Newton and Co.

April 29.

SHIP United States,

A regular trader; was to leave
Liverpool about the 11th of March.
She is momently expected, and in order to re-
turn her for an early fall ship, the own-
ers will be glad to engage freight, and request
an early application. She has on board a few
sacks of fine Liverpool SALT.

R. NEWTON & Co.

April 29.

TOBACCO.

Twenty eight hds. choice Virginia
Tobacco
just received and for sale, by

James Sanderson.

April 27.

TO LET,

For one or more years,
The white Warehouse, on King-
street, near Col. Ramsey's wharf. The situa-
tion for business equal to any in town. Apply
to JOSEPH RIDDLE & Co.

March 29.

WINDOW-GLASS.

THE subscribers have on hand, as
usual, Window-Glass, of various sizes, from the
Baltimore manufactory. The quality is highly
approved.

They have, also, for Sale,
Lemons in boxes, and a quantity of

Claret, in boxes.

R. T. Hooe, & Co.

February 26.

Just Published,
And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,

A Key to Mystery of Iniquity;
OR AN

Address to Men of Candor and

lovers of Truth.

By JOHN WEST,

Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium
eclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's
reflections; proving modern episcopacy to be impo-
nous, and human legislation in the Church to be
usurpation, &c. &c.

May 3.

For Freight or Charter,

The new and fast sailing

SCHOONER

G E O R G E,

S. CHAPMAN,

MASTER;

burthen 107 tons, or 900 bals. being a staunch,
excellent vessel, and in complete order.—For

terms apply to the Captain on board, lying at
Merchants wharf, or to

W M : EXLEY.

May 7.

For BOSTON.

The Schooner

H A M I L T O N,

Capt. Downe;

To sail next week. For freight

or passage, apply to

John G. Ladd.

Who has for Sale, landing from said Vessel,

Plaster of Paris,

Few pipes of French Brandy,

Boxes of Chocolate,

Apples, Potatoes, &c. &c.

May 1.

CLARET WINE.

A few boxes first quality Claret Wine,

just received, and for sale, by

C. Hand.

May 1.

BRYAN HAMPSON

Has for Sale,

50 quarter-casks of old Lisbon

20 ditto Sherry

20 ditto Malaga

20 ditto Port

10 pipes Teneriffe

100 kegs first quality Madder.

200 do. Copperas, with a quantity of Al-
um.

10 hogsheads 3d and 4th proof Rum.

15 barrels New England ditto.

30 kegs Ground Ginger;

With a quantity of TEAS, and a

number of other Goods too tedious

to mention.

April 26.

10 pipes well flavor'd Holland

Gin,

60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,

2 bales German Ticklenburgh

1 cask Britannias,

1 do. Platillas Royal,

Just Imported from Rotterdam,

In the brig Nancy, Spalding,

AND FOR SALE BY

J. & T. Vowell,

WHO HAVE IN STORE,

A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit

for immediate use.

Three hds. old Grenada Rum,

Three casks Clover Seed,

Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy.

Cash given for Otter and

Mink Skins.

April 25.

FISH SALT.

1000 bushels, on board the Ann,

Captain Jackson, at Lawson's wharf, will be

sold a great bargain, if applied for soon.

Hewes & Miller.

May 4.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

THE SUBSCRIBER,

First and second quality Russick Duck

Short Yellow Nankings

India Cottons

Hyson Skin

Young Hyson, and } FRESH TEAS.

Souchong

Burlington Pork

Whiskey and

300 bushels St. Kitts Salt.

Daniel Murgaroyd.

May 6.

First quality Brown Sugars,

GREEN COFFEE,

Muscated Raisins,

Best Chewing Tobacco,

Rye Whiskey,

New England Rum,

Wrapping Paper,

FOR SALE BY

Mandeville & Jameston.

May 6.

ICE CREAM.

MATHEW EAKIN,

Respectfully informs the public,
that he has commenced making ICE CREAM
for the season.

May 4. d6t.

LOTTERY TICKETS.

A FEW tickets in the Fredericks-
burg Female Charity School Lottery, for
sale, by

JAMES PATTON.

April 17. d

JAMES BACON,

AT HIS GROCERY STORE,

King near Washington street,
Has just received from Philadelphia, New-York

&c. an extensive collection of GROCERIES

consisting

PUBLIC SALE.

TO-MORROW, at 4 o'clock, P. M. will be sold, on Harpel's wharf, the cargo of the schooner Sampson, consisting of 40 hds. first quality Sugar 20 do. Molasses, on a credit. P. G. Martsteller.

May 9.

Valuable Property for Sale.

Will sell at public auction on Thursday next, the sixteenth day of May at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,

A handsome improved Dwelling house, On King Street, Between the flower beds of Mr. Ambrose Vasse, and Mr. Philip Triplett. This property is beautifully situated, and will be sold on an extensive credit.

P. G. Martsteller.

May 9.

NEGROES FOR SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder for ready money, at the plantation of Mr. PHILIP ALEXANDER, on Saturday the 18th instant, at 12 o'clock; all the negroes belonging to the estate of WILLIAM H. WASHINGTON, deceased.

ELIZA WASHINGTON. Administratrix.

May 9.

PORT WINE,

Green Coffee, Spinning Cotton, of the first quality.

JUST RECEIVED, BY Mandeville & Jamesson.

May 9.

NOW LANDING

From the brig Maria, captain Carew, and for Sale by

LAWRASON & FOWLE,

2000 pieces first chop yellow Nankeen } Entitled to De- 10 chests hyson & bunture. hyson Skin TEAS

5 boxes China Bowles, containing 250 bowles each, and will be sold at 30 dollars per box.

20 casks fresh Malaga Raisins

2 pipes 4th proof Barcelona Brandy.

Also in store, just received,

10 chests Young Hyson, TEAS, 9 do. Hyson Skin, } of the latest im- 2 do. Souchong, portation.

6 boxes Beerbohm Gurrasha, of the first quality

50 lbs. Nutmegs and Cloves

70 bolts first and second quality Russia Duck

50 do. ditto Ravens do.

70 do. ditto heavy Ravens do.

particulatly made for ships' top-gallant and crafts

Galls.

4 pipes choice old Cognac Brandy

1 half pipe do. particular Madeira Wine

4 pipes Holland Gin

Retailing Molasses

50 barrels No. 1 and 2 Beef Boston inspec-

20 do. Pork } tion.

3 casks Sperm. Oil for lamps

40 boxes mould and dipt Candles

150 do. Brown Soap

20 boxes fresh Chocolate

10 do Bristol Fig-blue

3 casks Glauber Salts

1 trunk Ladies Morocco Shoes

1 ditto Morocco pocket books

Cotton and Morocco Suspenders.

May 9.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, living in Leesburg, Loudoun county, Virginia, on the 16th April last,

A MULATTO BOY, named LEW, or A LEWIS, 10 years old, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender made, big jointed, large feet, fond of gaming, and a great talker: Had on, when he went away, a mixt grey cloth coat, white cashmere jacket, blue cloth overalls, oxford shirt, and a round hat. He was seen at the fish wharf, in Alexandria on Sunday the 21st April. All masters of vessels and others are warned against carrying him off at their peril. Whoever will apprehend said boy, and deliver him to me, or secures him in any jail so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable expences paid.

William Taylor.

May 6.

FOR SALE,

On a liberal credit, in lots of 5 acres, or larger quantity, if desired;

About 20 acres of Land, called Wood-Bank, situate within two miles of Alexandria, on a handsome eminence, commanding an extensive view of the City of Washington, Alexandria, and the river Potomac. There are, on the premises, some excellent springs of water. If not sold at private sale, it will be offered at public sale, at the coffee-house, on WEDNESDAY, the 22d instant, at ten o'clock.

John Green.

May 6.

From the Vermont Journal.

MR. ELLIOT,
TO HIS CONSTITUENTS.

LETTER IV.

The manner of which the amendment to the constitution was carried through both Houses of Congress was not less extraordinary than the measure itself. It affords an instructive and even an awful lesson; and the future preservation of the constitution demands that this gloomy scene should be committed to the contemplation of posterity. To record the proceedings upon that occasion, I consider a sacred duty which I owe to my country; and in doing it I shall betray no trust, I shall not act the part of an informer. I disdain all connexion with the little band of republican aristocrats and demagogues; to me they have never disclosed the arcana of their political system; they have treated me as they treat all the northern members of Congress, with neglect if not contempt; and all the important facts contained in this letter have long been the subject of general conversation at the seat of government.

Mr. Butler, a republican Senator from South Carolina who warmly opposed the amendment, in a letter to the legislature of that state, observed, that he had not been long in Senate since his last election before he perceived a combination among certain large states, unfair in itself and dangerous in its consequences to the rights of other states—into this combination they have drawn some of the small states—they hold evening meetings to decide what shall prevail in Senate, and no proposition can succeed which does not come from one of their party, &c. Notwithstanding the respectability of Mr. Butler's character, and his long tried patriotism, let us hope for the honor of our country and the cause of liberty, that the warmth of his feelings, in relation to a particular measure, led him to give too deep a colouring to this melancholy picture.

Would to God I were not under the necessity of confirming his statement, so far as relates to the amendment; but that confirmation is inseparably connected with the justification of my own conduct. The resolution which was sent from the House to the Senate, contemplated no alteration of the constitution other than the mere discrimination of the votes. It was soon found that the private sentiments of several of the oldest and most respectable republican members of the Senate were hostile to the measure. Some of them, however, were instructed to vote in its favor, and it was hoped that the others would yield to the popular sentiment in the states they represented. The minority constantly called for the consideration of the resolution from the House, but the majority, for several weeks refused to suffer it to be considered. The business was not yet sufficiently matured in "evening meetings." Of the final caucus on the subject I was informed. A letter from one of those members who are by some called leading ones to another member of the Senate, notifying an evening meeting of the friends of the amendment, to devise ways and means for carrying it into effect at all events, in some form or other, was put into my hands by the gentleman to whom it was directed. At this caucus the business was concluded by adding to the amendment that provision which I afterwards opposed, and it was also determined to take the question the next day before the senate should rise. Here let it be remarked, that there had not been any regular debate upon the main question in Senate, and that the additional proposition, in substance, had already been rejected, when proposed by a federal member. Two or three republican members dictated in caucus as the *sine qua non* of their voting for the amendment, this important addition, and one of them afterwards observed publicly in my presence, that he had not only dictated it in caucus, but had given the leading republicans in the house to understand that the fate of the amendment depended on its adoption, in that very form, as his veto should be put upon it should it be sent back to the senate. Thus it was virtually determined, in one of these evening meetings, that the representatives of the people, the state legislature, and the people themselves, should sanction an alteration of the constitution in the precise form dictated by two or three men, and that every one who opposed it should be denounced as a federalist and apostate. The republicans of the house were told, in language too unequivocal to be misunderstood, that this was the arrangement, and that upon their conformity or opposition depended their future popularity. An unwavering and venerable republican mem-

ber from Massachusetts exclaimed at the bar, when an adjournment was denied at the usual hour, I cannot and will not be dragged along in this manner, and left the house with indignation. As the question, however, was not taken that day, as we had repeatedly been told it should be in consequence of the ardent opposition which myself and others deemed it our duty to make, by protracting the debate to a late hour at night, that gentleman however recorded his vote in opposition to the measure.

A very respectable democratic member from a middle state declared, that were the amendment in the precise form which he wished it, he would never vote for it while it was attempted to carry it by such means. As almost every member of the majority who expressed his opinion disapproved of the additional proposition, it must be evident to every candid republican, from the simple statement of facts which I have made, that the amendment, in its present form, was carried through both Houses by the undue influence of a few individuals, and by the combined operations of intrigue and terror. I was of opinion that we ought not to disgrace ourselves by such course of conduct, and that however desirable the amendment might be in some form or other, we ought to wait till it could be adopted in a fair and true republican manner.

Connected with this subject my conduct with respect to the nomination of President and Vice President requires explanation. Early in the session it was determined by the self chosen few who undertake to direct the public sentiment, that Gov. Clinton should be the next Vice President, and that gentleman was informed, that the unanimous voice of the members was in his favour, when not ten of them had been consulted. Some difficulty had afterwards apprehended from the Pennsylvania delegation a sub-caucus was held, and the representatives of that state reconciled to the measure; a general caucus was then called to ratify what the few had already accomplished. To such a state of things, as Mr. Butler observed with respect to the amendment, I could not and would not submit. It is perfectly proper that any number of individuals, of the same political sentiments, should meet together and discuss any subject of general concern, with a view to promote an union of sentiment and action; but that members of the legislature, as such, should undertake to influence and dictate the people in their elections, is hostile to the very genius of republicanism. Let it not be understood that there were any objections on my part to the personal or political character of Mr. Clinton; but my conduct was influenced by various considerations, which it is unnecessary to detail to the public.

JAMES ELLIOT.

From Bell's Weekly Messenger.

WAR AGAINST THE SPANISH COLONIES.

The first question generally asked at the commencement of war is, what will be the object of hostilities, and what means the intended government proposes to employ, in order to redress its injuries and punish its enemies?

Situated as we are with France, and in the present temper of Europe, a war with that power affords no other objects of attack but mercantile craft, and calls upon government for little other exertions than extensive issue of letters of marque; but hostility with Spain is of another nature; something is proposed to animate us to conquest, something may be gained towards the payment of expences, and something of plunder is held out to reward the bravery of our fleets and armies.

A Spanish war has thus always been embraced by Great Britain, with promptitude and zeal: some politicians indeed have not hesitated to contend that a lust and avarice of plunder, have some times been permitted to operate too freely and extensively, and have stifled all nice enquiries as to the justice of the provocation; but however this may have been it is certain that a Spanish war never yet wanted popularity with the nation, or stood in need of any other justification than such as has been contained in a CABINET DECLARATION.

It is difficult to conjecture what will be the first hostile movement against Spain; it is certain she can make no effectual warfare against us.—It must not perhaps be an object with our government to reduce her colonies or settlements in South America, to the situation of British dependencies. An extension of our colonial empire is not desirable, though it is probable

we should not be deterred from the attempt by any fears of meeting with a repulse. A more liberal and enlightened policy may perhaps direct our ministers to form them into independent governments, to erect Britain into states capable of preserving the liberty we shall desire among them. The belief that Admiral C. W. will be sent to the West Indies, arrived at New York, in lat. 22, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546

letered from the attempt meeting with a repulse, and enlightened policy may induce ministers to form them governments, to erect a fostering care of Great Britain, preserving them, and all the rest of the world, against them, that spirit of civil improvement of order and endeavour of ecclesiastical that attachment to the country, and the eminence it has in the European states. At no presumption in supposing the object of our government in gratifying the indulgence of the enlightened that Britain whilst continuing against the Vandals, to over run its fairest regions, and exerting herself to the and prosperity of territories beyond the Atlantic.

visionary in anticipating the descendants of Mon-
tulpa, shall receive a
the injuries done them by
shall receive compensation, inflicted by those in-
for those atrocities and
eaves so foul a stain on the
Mexico and Peru, by having them through the inter-
government, the blessed, civil and judicial adminis-
of a cultivated and enlightened
; nor can it be doubted
duly cherish sentiments
attitude, towards the na-
three centuries of bondage
them, to the happiness
freedom.

who has a heart to feel,
and means to execute this
will confer blessings on
all entitle him to the highest
the benefactors of his
spirit and receive the gratitude
of his country, and the future
of the western hemisphere
the name of this hero of
that shall achieve this im-
over tyranny, and can
ambitious feeling, and ex-
of dominion in his own
hearts of his countrymen,
stripped the merits of an-
and have reached the sum-
a path as novel as it is brilliant.

are distant, perhaps im-
inating them: if it can
as reality, it cherishes
dream; and we know
our readers will be found,
on as ourselves, will yet
as a prospect of human
an enterprise of be-
be contemplated other-
ttering and improbable the-

two Deeds of Trust to
be exposed to sale, for ready
house, in the town of Alex-
DAY the 27th of the present
one equal undivided sixteenth
Land in the county of Spots-
1800 acres, known by the
NE TRACT.—And immediate
premises, in the town of A-
valuable Lots, lying upon Queen-streets.

James Keith.

RECEIVED,
ND FOR SALE,
GNMENT of Womens
leather and Ruff Gues. Also
raisons which will be sold low.

Hewes & Miller.

UCATION.

scriber respectfully inform
Alexandria, that he has opened
the dwelling house of Mrs. Fleet
street; where he teaches Reading,
Arithmetic, and English Grammar,
price of Four Dollars per quarter,
History, Geography, Surveying,
at a reasonable price.
ing to be acquainted with Survey-
ing, will meet with due care
in school hours, or any other
time proper.

William Slade,
dolaw.

BOSTON, May 2.

The French West India Fleet.

All the accounts which we have lately received from the West Indies, confirm the belief that Admiral Menis, in on his return voyage to France. Captain Putnam, arrived at Newburyport in twenty-eight days passage from Martinique, spoke the fleet, in lat. 22, 30, N. and long. 64, steering N. E.

Captain Bradbury arrived here yesterday, from St. Kitts informs that he spoke the brig Antelope, from Guadalupe, the captain of which reported that he fell in with the French fleet in lat. 23, steering N. E.

Beware of Pick-pockets.
Yesterday afternoon, Mr. Abijah Carter, of Watertown, had his pocket book stolen from him at one of the auction offices in this town. The thief, having rifled it of twenty dollars being all the money it contained, threw it away, and it was picked up by a school boy, near the north school.

BALTIMORE, May 6.

Arrived ship Carlisle, Gibon, 66 days

from London. Left the Lizard Point the

26th March; was brought to by the privateer

Lancaster, of Liverpool, and treated

politely. The island of Corvo, bearing W.

S. W. about four leagues; 30th March,

lat. 39, long. 36, 22, was brought to

by an armed brig of 14 guns, who shewed

no colours, and ordered us to send our boat

on board; while we were clearing our

boat, the wind shifted in a squall to N. E.

and rendered it impossible to hoist our our

boat; the privateer then bore down upon

us, and said he was going to steer south,

and that we must follow till day light, it

being about sundown: I told him, I was

bound to the westward, and could not be

answerable to run so much out of my course,

he answered that if I did not follow him

immediately, he would fire into me; he

then bore away south, beckoning me to

follow immediately; I then steered west

and in one minute received a shot through

my fore stay sail; I found there was no al-

ternative but to follow, and was fired at a

dozen of times in the course of the night,

and after following him 74 miles out of my

way, was at liberty to proceed on my voy-

age.

April 17th, lat. 38, 9, long. 60, 1, spoke

ship Stafford, Driscoll from Baltimore,

bound to Cadiz, out 7 days, all well; 93

leagues west of Cape James, spoke ship

Dorothy, Hayes, 36 hours from Philadel-

phia to Canton, all well; 27th on soundings,

spoke brig Sophia, from N. York, to New

Orleans, two days out.

April 29th, in lat. 38, 30, saw several

seamen's chests floating past, blowing fresh

could not pick any of them up; next day

in lat. 38, 15, saw another chest, lowered

down the boat and brought it on board, it

contained sundry seamen's clothes and

books, three canisters full of tea and ap-

pears to have belonged to a person of the

name of Abraham Service, of Philadelphia,

who may have every thing which was sav-

ed from the chest, by applying to the capt.

at No. 48, Ann street, Fell's Point, Balti-

more.

Arrived, schr. Enterprize, Travers, 17

days from Basse-terre, (Guad.) The schr.

Manchester was to sail the same day, for

Baltimore.

CHARLESTON, April 29.

By the arrival of the Amphion, we have

been favoured with London papers of the

5th, and Glasgow to the 7th March. Al-

though these papers are twenty days later

than our former accounts, they furnish

but few articles of any interest.

The bill for the abolition of the Slave

Trade was, on Thursday, the 28th of Fe-

bruary, on the motion of its second read-

ing, lost, in the British House of Com-

mons.

A very full debate took place in both

houses of Parliament, Feb. 15, with re-

spect to the Spanish War. In the House

of Commons it was continued for two

days. Administration was supported by

a majority of 78 in the house of Lords and

207 in the Commons.

Captain Allen, arrived on Saturday, in

36 days from Nevis, informs, that a bri-

ish fleet of 6 sail of the line and frigates,

passed that place on the 8th instant. On

the first appearance of this fleet the town

was thrown into great confusion, as it was

supposed to be the French fleet on a re-

turn visit, but the inhabitants were soon

undeceived—in answer to their signals on

the forts the fleet hoisted the British flag,

fired a gun to leeward, and continued their course. A small cutter went out and spoke one of the ships; they enquired for the French fleet, and informed that their squadron was composed of one half of a fleet of 12 sail, from Europe, and that the other half had been left to windward, cruising off St. Vincent.

LEXINGTON, April 9.

A letter from a gentleman at St. Louis, Upper Louisiana, of the 9th March, inform, that a Mr. Morrison, of that place, the last fall sent a party of men up the Missouri, to cross the country, and trade with the Spaniards of Santa Fe. That they so far succeeded, as to induce the inhabitants to trade with them; some of whom were returning with Morrison's party, when they were all killed by the Indians belonging to a nation who were at war with those who served as guides to conduct the party. Three Frenchmen who had remained in the village, were also murdered, in revenge for some Indians who were killed at the same time.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, MAY 10.

Married last evening, by the Rev. Thomas Davis, Mr. Henry Knox May, merchant, to Miss Maria Rose Cracroft, both of this town.

The schooner Ann, of Baltimore, on a passage from Aux Cayes to that port, was taken by a French privateer—the captain of which ordered each of the crew 100 lashes. This information we received by one of the sailors belonging to the Ann, who says he received his quota of stripes! and who arrived here, on Wednesday evening last, in the schooner Sampson, Captain Cox, from St. Martin.

From the Federal Gazette.

It has been rumored that Bonaparte has demanded 30 millions of our government, as a quietus for the trade which our merchants have for some time been carrying on with Hayti, and the report is considerably corroborated by a late arrival at Philadelphia from Nantz. May not the complaints contained in the following communication, also arise from a design in the emperor to hold fast all the American funds remaining in his hands? The question is an important one, and will probably be solved in a way by no means to the satisfaction of our countrymen.

Messrs. Tundt & Brown,

The inclosed extract shews the activity of our government in paying us; and, as a person interested, it was interesting to me; it may be so to some other of your readers: and I should be glad to see it published in the Gazette.

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated 8th February, 1805.

"The business here of the American claims is not yet terminated; and though upwards of three months, especially since the arrival of general Armstrong, we have been all along flattered with hopes of his drawing bills on the treasury of the United States, for the payment of these claims, it is very uncertain when it will take place. It seems that the revision and re-examination of all the claims by our minister, and by M. Marbois, is nearly at an end. — But still difficulties may occur before the issuing of bills, on account of many claims admitted by the French council-general of liquidation, which had been rejected by the American commission. The French minister appears to try every expedient to curtail and throw out all claims not supported in the fullest manner, in order that the mass of them should not exceed the 20 millions; but the claimants whose demands are likely to be thrown out entirely, or curtailed only, are using all their endeavors to prevent such loss: for should the amount of claims be paid by the United States exceed the 20 millions, then a reparation or contribution must be made to cause the deficit to be supported proportionally by each respective claim.

"By the interpretation which France

gives to the convention, they will insist,

that should the 26 millions appropriated

for the payment of the American claims

contemplated by the convention, not be

sufficient, the United States are to make

to the creditors the deficiency. But as I

believe that our government construes it

in a different manner, should a discussion

of this subject be officially brought about

between the two ministers, I apprehend

that the whole business will be suspended

till general Armstrong gets fresh instruc-

tions from our executive on this very deli-

cate subject, and that in such case he will

not draw a single bill. Besides, after the

whole business is settled between the two ministers, and every difficulty is got over, then the emperor must ratify all their works: unhappily, it is generally believed, that before two or three weeks his Imperial majesty will set off for Italy, as part of his household marched thither a month since."

Before the Lords of Appeal, London February 1, 1805.

In the case of the American schooner Susanna, of Baltimore, Walter C. Haynes, master, and cargo, captured, by the Galway Lass, of Tortola, on the fourth day of September eighteen hundred and three, carried into Tortola and there acquitted, by the honorable judge Bayam; the captors obtained liberty to appeal to the Lords of Appeal; but did not proceed therein within the time limited. Therefore the former sentence of judge Bayam was affirmed, and vessel and cargo, or proceeds restored.

[Balt. Amer.]

From the (Phil.) Freeman's Journal.

THINGS LOOK WELL TO THE WESTWARD.
Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Northumberland county, to his friend in this city, dated April 18, 1805.

"I take this opportunity of giving you a short sketch of the state of politics in Northumberland county, as accurately as I have been able to ascertain it. The Snyder party are running about with petitions for a new convention, and getting what signatures they can in a low, hidden manner—they are afraid to let any person of understanding or common sense see their petition. A Society of Constitutional Republicans is forming, and memorials against a convention and for supporting the present constitution, are in circulation, and are receiving large numbers of signatures. The Snyder party, which is composed of a few designing office-hunters, whose names I will inform you of at a future time, are trying to caucuse Governor M'Kean, as much as is possible for them to utter, but very few, comparatively speaking, will believe them. Snyder will miss it in this county, as there will be a majority of votes for Governor M'Kean. I wish you to have the Freeman's Journal, edited by William M'Corkle, forwarded to me, the people being anxious to see it, as they consider it as the only republican paper which is favorable to the Constitution and M'Kean's election."

The captain of an eastern vessel states, that on his passage from Bordeaux he had fell in with 500 islands of ice !!!

PRICES CURRENT,

SALT.

TWO thousand bushels coarse salt,
JUST ARRIVED,
AND FOR SALE
From on board the brig President.
A L S O,
A few barrels of Green COFFEE,
by
John Tucker.

April 29.

N. B. I will sell the brig PRESIDENT, if applied for in three days, she is very strong and in complete order, being remarkably well found.

LAWRASON & FOWLE,
HAVE RECEIVED,
By the schooner Hamilton captain Downe.
Young Hyson and Hylon Skin Teas,
of the latest importations.

A L S O.

7 the Schooner Lark, captain Silver from
Salem.

Seventy Bolts Heavy Ravens Duck,
nearly equal in quality to English.

May 3.

WILLIAM OXLEY
HAS ON HAND,

Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous
to the purchasers, for cash or notes.

The following Articles, viz.

Superfines and second cloths

Kerleymeres and swadowns

Bearskins and farnoughts

Durants and callimancos

Bombazets and wildborders

Common and boild gamblets

Silk, cotton, and worl'd hollery

English extra long silk gloves

Silk twist and thread

Diaper and common tapes

Paper and pound pins

White and printed marseilles

Laces, edgings and gimp

Elegant black and white lace veiles

Patent do. do.

Satin peeling and silk handkerchiefs

4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambric muslins

India Jaconet do.

Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk

silk and cotton flings.

January 7.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.
Run away from the subscriber, on Saturday,
the 27th April.

NEGRO JOE:

HAD on when he went away, an old jacket and pantaloons of dark mixed-cloth, with a pair of nankeen pantaloons; also a great coat of light mixed coating, all of which was much worn. He is about 5 feet 2 inches high, tolerably black, he has two small scars on his face occasioned by a burn; he is about 18 years of age, but has a very young appearance. I suppose he is now lurking about Alexandria for the purpose of obtaining a passage down the Potomac, as far as Westmoreland county, Virginia, where he was raised and where his master now lives.

The above reward will be given if taken in Alexandria, and delivered to me, or secured in some jail so that I get him again. All persons are forewarned hiring or employing said negro.

Syndor Bally.

Near Middleburg, Loudoun

county, May 7.

do.

NOTICE.

Having occasion to be absent from this place for some months, I hereby request all persons who are indebted to the different Bankrupt Estates, and Agents under my direction, to make immediate payment of their respective debts to Mr. JAMES SANDERS, who is fully authorized to receive and grant acquittance for the same. All accounts appertaining to these estates, not discharged by the fifth day of April next, shall be then lodged with Robert L. Taylor, Esquire, for suit.

John M'Fuer.

Fruey 21.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS Reward.
Run away from the subscriber on Friday, the
19th inst., a negro man named

ABRAM,

Between 50 and 60 years of age, about 5 feet, six inches high, well made and squint eyed. Had on when he went away, a brown halfbrick jacket much worn at the sleeves, country cloth breeches, Pittsburgh shirt much worn, a pair of old shorts, a dark yarn cap, and wool hat with a piece out of the brim. He has lived several years as a terryman at Colchester. I will give the above reward if he is secured in any jail, so that I get him again, with all reasonable charges and disbursements.

George Sweeny.

Brownsville, Fauquier Co. (May 4) 43w
17, April 27, 1805

Adventurers in the Catholic
Cathedral Church Lottery may know
the fate of their Tickets on application
to the Printer.

JUST RECEIVED, BY ROBERT GRAY,

And for Sale at his Book Store,
For Jaundice & Bilious Complaints,
WHEATON'S.

GENUINE PATENT BITTERS,

Price only 58 cents,

Secured to him by Letters Patent from the President of the United States.

A MEDICINE extremely useful and efficacious for curing jaundice and bilious disorders and removing that sinking, faint and distressed feeling at the stomach, difficulty of breathing, loss of appetite, and sleepiness, dull heaviness in the forepart of the day, weakness and trembling of the limbs, dizziness of the head, and yellowness of countenance, complaints so common to jaundice and bilious people.

Also removing obstructions of the bowels, and rheumatic complaints, pickings, and purgings, indigestion, pick head aches, rheumatic complaints, &c. &c. which live from a collection of four, bilious matter in the stomach, and at length restoring the constitution to strength and vigor.

They are also found very useful to carry off worms, and to cure ricketsy children, and may be used with safety in all constitutions, ages and sexes.

The many cures that have been effected in New England, and by the above medicine (as may be seen in the bills) prevent the necessity of further recommendation.

L I K E W I S H.

Wheaton's patent itch Ointment,

Price only 50 cents.

The only medicine in the world which will certainly cure the ITC, without having in it any thing either dangerous or disagreeable; it being composed mostly of ingredients never before discovered or used in that disorder.

One box cures a person, and there need be no washing after the use of it, as the skin is generally left cleaner and smoother.

ALSO,

Lee's genuine Windham Antibilious

P I L L S.

REANIMATION.

WHEN the most important functions of life are suspended, and those who are invalids by imprudence, inheritance, accident of disease, are tottering upon the brink of the grave, it is not in despair that relief is to be found: There is a medicine which has restored thousands from infirmity and misery to health and happiness, which is

THE AROMATIC LOZENGES OF STEEL.

Since this excellent medicine was first discovered by Dr. Bardwell, several thousand items have experienced its salutary effects; many of whom have been reduced to the brink of the grave, having used every remedy recommended as specific in those complaints, and had made every application to the faculty that could be obtained. The following recent case is selected from a numerous list.

From Mrs. Eleanor Wadsworth, Providence, (R. I.)

Sir,

WE received yours and with much pleasure comply with your request, as my daughter has certainly received very great benefit from Dr. Bardwell's Aromatic Lozenges of Steel.

In the winter of 1802 my daughter, who is inferior 17th year caught a very severe cold, which with the violent fever which accompanied it, confined her to her room upwards of four months; during this period we paid for Doctor bills and consultations 150 dollars. The fever left her in the most deplorable, and debilitated state with hardly any use of her limbs, so that we were obliged to carry her from the bed to the chair. Being strongly persuaded by the Doctor we went to Ball-Town Springs, and stayed the season, and thought she gained considerable strength by the use of the waters; but by the fatigues of the passage (having very rough weather) she became as weak and her cough much worse than before. During the last winter her whole nervous system has been so irritable, and her spirits so low and depressed, that death to her was desirous. In the latter end of January we saw an Advertisement recommending the Lozenges of Steel for similar complaints, we immediately purchased a packet of them, and before the whole of them were taken, they evidently produced a change in her system, which no medicine before had been able to effect; we sent for two more packets. It is now fourteen days since the beginning of the fits; she has laid aside her crutches, has been twice to horse back, and if the weather should prove favorable we intend coming to Peekskill early in April to stop until we go to Ball-Town Springs; from there we will send you our address; where with pleasure we will satisfy any inquiries.

Price one Dollar per Packet.

Particular directions for their use are sealed up with each but as the great benefit to be derived from them can only be secured by having them genuine, the public are requested to observe that the name of Thomas Stokes & Co. are affixed to each packet, without which mark of authenticity they are not genuine.

The Lozenges of Steel,

are only to be had, in Alexandria, of Messrs.

R. & J. GRAY.

WHO HAVE ALSO ON HAND,

A SUPPLY OF

Family & Patent Medicines,

CONSISTING OF—

Chambaud's Antasthmatic Lozenges; Aque and Fever Brops; Antidote Pills; Anodyne Essence for Head Aches; Reanimating Solar Tincture; Dr. Bardwell's genuine Eye Water; Atkinson's Essence of Mustard; Scotch Ointment for the Itch; Tooth-Ach Drops; Aromatic Lozenges; Essence of the Woods, &c. &c.

Dr. Hunter's genuine Antibilious Pills,
For the prevention and cure of Yellow
Bilious and Putrid Fevers.

Every experienced physician knows that dangerous disorders arise from a redundancy while in the habit; however salutary a due secretion of this fluid may be, yet a diffusion of it in the circulation is known, from its putrefactive qualities to bring on sudden and fatal fevers. The unparalleled success of Dr. Hunter's Antibilious Pill, in curing, and particularly preventing this dreadful disease is universally known in the Islands, and has induced the proprietor to appoint to

agents in all the mercantile towns in the United States, for the accommodation of the public.

The Antibilious Pills are therefore, in an especial manner, recommended as a preventative, deserving the notice of all persons going to the West Indies, or any of those places infected with these fevers. Dr. Hunter has every possible reason, that can result from long and extensive experience, for believing that a dose of these pills, taken once every fourteen days, during the prevalence of our fall fevers, will prove an infallible preventative, and that, if taken in the early stages of these fevers, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases deemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, may be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

In sickly times and places a dose should be taken once a fortnight, and if there is reason to apprehend personal danger, once a week.

Observe that the signature of Messrs. Thos. Stokes and Co. is affixed to each box, without which mark of authenticity they are not genuine.

The genuine Scotch Itch Ointment.

The only medicine that cures this disagreeable disease by one application, so many thousands having experienced its efficacy; it is unnecessary to add any more arguments in its favor, but to caution the public that the name Thomas Stokes and Co. is affixed to each box, without this mark of authenticity, none are genuine.

Dr. Bardwell's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes; speedily removes inflammations, dimness, itchings, and film, it never fails to cure those maladies which frequently attack the measles, small-pox, and fever; and is an unparalleled strengthener of a weak sight.

Dr. Hunter's genuine Antibilious Pills.

An agreeable and certain preventive of the predisposition to inflammatory and malignant fever, which prevails at particular seasons of the year. The rapid and increasing demand from every part of the United States, and the West-India Islands, is the best evidence of their superior excellence.

CHAMBAUD'S

Antasthmatic Lozenges.

A radical cure for coughs, colds, asthma, and consumption, difficulty of breathing, &c. &c.

Mr. CHAMBAUD, the sole proprietor of this medicine, has the satisfaction to announce that they have been the means of relieving many persons in a most precarious state of health. In common colds this medicine produces so salutary a perspiration that they generally are eradicated in a few hours. Coughing, being prolonged by that convulsive symptom termed the tickling in the throat, it shortens its duration by promoting sleep and strengthening the constitution. Pulmonary complaints, affecting the breast and lungs, those affected with them experience an almost immediate relief. All bony and confined consumptions have repeatedly been eradicated by them. Infants in the hooping-cough, and women during pregnancy, may take them without the least fear of danger, and with the greatest expectation of relief, nor can it be administered at an improper season.

Dr. BRADWELL'S

Annodyne Essence, for all kinds of Head Aches.

THE renowned virtues of the Annodyne essence, is now so generally known, that it is no presumption on the part of the proprietor, to say, that Head Aches, arising from whatever cause, or however violent, in family submit to its penetrating power. This invaluable Annodyne, has frequently succeeded after the best advice, and every other remedy had failed; by its salutary operation, it insensibly promotes circulation and perspiration, and thereby prevents the return of the most obstinate periodical head aches.

SPRING PHYSIC.

DR. HUNTER's Anti-Bilious Pills are unquestionably proved by ample experience to be the most efficacious remedy, at the same time the most innocent, pleasant and convenient medicine for the cure of scurvy, scurvy eruptions, leprosy, and other disorders originating from a corruptive state of the blood. The remarkable cure of Mr. Elliston, of Albany, who had been twelve years tormented with a most distressing scurvy complaint, as also that of Thomas Johnson, a labouring man, in the service of Mr. Van Renfrew, who was afflicated with a most horrid leprosy, must have convinced every one who has read the particulars of these cases, before which a variety of proofs of their efficacy, authenticated by persons of character and respectability are open to the examination of every inquirer. These must naturally be supposed to have their due weight, and supersede the necessity of any further comment from the Proprietor yet, he presumes to assert, that the real merits of this vegetable preparation will, on a fair trial, plead more forcibly its own recommendation than any thing which can be said of it.

Where also may be had,

Atkinson's Worm destroying Lozenges.—These Lozenges not only destroy worms where they exist, but effectually prevent their return. Those families who have allowed Dr. Atkinson's advice, and used them in the Spring and Fall among their children, as their common physic, have now the happiness to find those children, which appeared sickly and consumptive, in the bloom of health, being entirely delivered from those dreadful vermin.

Sparta, Mount Pleasant,

March 27, 1803.

We hereby certify, that our daughter, about 4 years of age, has been very unwell and in a bad state of health for these last two years. We always suspected that she had worms, and had given her several worm medicines, without any good effect; so that we despaired raising her till of late. Hearing of some surprising cures being performed by Atkinson's worm destroying Lozenges, we purchased a packet of them, and administered them according to the directions. The first dose brought away only one worm, and with it a quantity of slimy offensive matter; the second brought away four monstrous worms nearly half a yard in length and the third dose, large quantity of slimy offensive matter, with vomiting and purging, with which she was frequent trouble, have ceased—her regular appetite has become

as over but enjoyed a perfect state of health which we are entirely indebted to this excellent medicine.

DR. BARDWELL'S

Re-animating Solar Tincture, or Pabulum of the Stomach and Bowels, Convulsions, Choleric and Tenteries.

Cautious in investigation, and attentive enquiry is confirmed an opinion in the mind of the inventor, that all the maladies abovementioned, derive their origin from the same cause, indirect, oblique, or consequential, the analogy of their source, by a natural inference suggested the idea of their removal by the same means; the result was the discovery of the Re-animating Solar Tincture, which after having been employed in thousands of instances, with the most unexampled and astonishing success, has obtained the warmest approbation of characters of the first respectability, both in and out of the profession; the proprietors can confidently recommend as one of the most certain, efficacious, and pleasant medicines ever discovered by man or offered to the world.

Price,